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huong 1 (normass/deepe)

salcon, MAY 20—President Nguyen Van Thieu's appointment of schoolteacher Tran Van Huong as a new and prestigious Prime Minister here is regarded here as having the primary purpose of unifying Vietnam's atomized non-Communist political groupings—a necessary step whether the country's future brings peace, war more war, or a curious mixture of both.

Informed sources believe them a collateral purpose of r greater unity among Vietnam's non-Communists may be to dampen any potential defections either to the Viet Cong or its newly-formed satellite grouping called the Alliance for National, Democratic and Peace Forces. The Communists have been making a bid for more support from urban intellectuals, educators and professional personalities, while urging urban uprisings against the constitutional government of President Thiou.

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huong 2 (normass/deepe)

Whether & Huong-his name means "perfume"-succeeds or fails in the future remains a pivotal question. Already he is facing difficulties in forming and officially naming his new Cabinet, sources report. There is still wide disagreements he seem some points politicians he has contacted, these sources report, and some powerful Vietnamese generals, including vit Vice President Nguyen Cao Ky, are known to be unhappy about Huong's A appointment. Some of the these discontented generals met at the Presidential Palace on thus fueling more rumors of possible military action against the or pressure on Huong. But, no unauthorized movements of Vietnamese troops have been witnessed, informed sources report, and the capital population seemed more concerned with the Communists' frequent rocket attacks into the homes and posit police stations, rather than the difficulties within the government.

Prime Outgoing Prime Minister Nguyen Van Loc and his 18-member Cabinet, who resigned en masse Saturday to pave the way for Huong's cabinet, is currently acting as a caretaker government, official sources report.

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huong 3 (normass/deepe)

The appointment of Huong himself is not regarded here as a major forward step towards at internal negotiations with the Viet Cong; that the most it be described as opening up the option of subtle, sidesteps or conversations towards some beginning of an arragement with the Viet Cong, if either side so decides. The internal "peace" of picture may be clarified later this week when the foreign minister is named. The current foreign minister who might remain in office—has publicly said that the reshuffle of the government would not affect its foreign policy.

While some of Huong's mentourage is considered here to be neutralistinclined, the policy-making decisions of the executive branch
reside here in the hands of the President; the prime miniser is considered
as "the chief minister responsible for execution of policy," as one Vietnamese
political source observed. The Vietnamese constitution has formulated
a government that a half-Presidential and half-parliamentary system, much like
Government of South Korea.

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huong 4 (normass/deepe)

Huong's primary mission of achieving some unity emong the non-Communist political factions here is, in fact, regarded as an essential pre-condition before an internal political settlement agreeable to all sides can seriously be entered into 4 by the Saigon regime. Vietnamese politicians now argue that of the Viet Cong are to unified, disciplined and dynamic political force in the South-and if they are allowed into a coalition government, they would "swallow" up their non-Communist opposition at will. But, these politicians argue, if somehow the non-Communist groupings can be unified into a con cohesive force, then a coalition government need not be a political defeat for the Communists -- and perhaps some persons might be induced to desert the Viet Cong ranks.

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huong 5 (normass/deepe)

Officially, the American & Mission here regarded the change of government as "an internal Vietnamese matter," ere refused to comment on the move. An official spokesman said the American government backed no particular candidate for the prime minister-ship. However, privately. informed sources indicate Ambassador Ellsworth Bunker had supported a change in the Cabinet and the Prime Minister after the Communist Tet offensive in late January and he supported the nomination of Huong. But, the post-Tet change of government, widely rumored at the time, became bogged down in Vietnamese bickering and was stiffled. The Communists. ground offensive into the capital, largely unsuccessful in a military sense, nevertheless created more economic and b political problems for the Loc government, while at the same time lowering its prestige. Hence, the current urgency of the government change-and before President Thieu visits the United States -at a time when Vietnam is facing increased war pressure by the Communists around the cities, more political subversion within the cities, he the uncertainty of peace talks in Paris.