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the coming weeks.

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thieu 1 (normass/deepe)

SAIGON, April 2-President Nguyen Van Thieu, today, gave his "most decisive hour" answer to President Lyndon Lyndon Johnson's so-called "finest hour" decision.

impression to the Vietnamese some Vietnamese of "leaving the battle unfinished, the war half-won, the peace half-sought," as one explained, the o'other President" governing the Allied effort here gave the impression of waging two wars simultaneously. Dential Few observers, however, believed the press conference, however, was President Thieu! Thieu's "== This reuter final hour of decision, as the worst appeared to be in store for the Vietnamese government in

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thieu 2 (normass/deepe)

In the light of President Johnson's bombshell address, President Nguye Van Thieu's remarks were news; but in the light of President Thieu's past remarks, his press conference was not new. The same hawkish, hard-line, anti-Communist, anti-coalition government statements were expressed in his strongest, most articulate terms. diminutive President pictured the Vietnamese peace as well The willing to sacrifice their utmost for both peace and anti-Communist freedom, the victims of Communist aggression on the one hand and Americans "seeling "selling the Vietnamese down the river, on the E implied. other hand.

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thiou (normass/deepe)

Thieu characterized this time as "an extremely difficult moment in history," but based on journalists' questions, this seemed an understatment, as the Vietnam seemed to totter between global war bigger war or bitter peace—and as it dangled so did the big power block and the Thieu government inside.

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thion/3 (normass/deepe)

In short, President The, Thieu, in commenting on President Johnson's moves towards peace, simply answered with President Johnson's previous statements on war-and freedom, and defending American conittmen committee committeents, and that American troops in Vietnam were defending not only Vietnam, but also southeast Asia and the American The past which President Johnson the sought to forget in his mainland. orayers-for-eace prayers-for-peace speech on Monday (select time) Monday morning tog (Saigon time), President Their Thieu's obcose to remind him of exactly twenty four hours later.

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thiou & (normass/deepe)

Before North Vietnam has annon acc announced its decision agests whether or not to accept President Johnson's peace bid, the option for President Thieu was clearly to continue to press on with the war, attempting to keep his troops in the field fighting, with only the promise of more draftee and perhaps more American support, attempting attempting to keep the anti-Communist fabric of the society—and the government—glued together long enough to appear united until the the fate of Vietnam is signed in Geneva, if evenywhere.

Johnson in his policy for peace, and that he would gladly meet with his direct enemy aggressor—North Vietnam—but he would not mm meet with that his Southern "servant" of Hanoi—the National Liberation Front, nor would hea dllow them into his government.

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thieur (normass/deepe)

The press conference was held in the ballroom of the Under Prench-impossed made crystal chandeliess, elegant Presidential Palace. Western and Vietnamese journalists mineled in business suits, paratrooper unit uniforms, typical journalists' "great white hunter" outfits amid the half dozen television cameras and their floodlights. Vietnamese security gaurds W Comba guards and fatigue-clad Presidential aides lounged in the golden brocade chairs lining the glassed-in verandah-ed ballroom. This stateroom, 7 used in the past for formal diplomatic receptions, had seen its more elegant atmospher occasions, but hardly ohe one more decisive.

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thiou 6/ (normass/deepe)

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Before the the arrival of President Thieu, a government interpreter requested throug voiced in the microphone: "Ladies and Centlemen, we have all the time you want to ask all the questions you want. The President asks you to take your time, stand up and identify yourself and your newspaper. We have plenty of time."

"I wonder if they'll serve us lunch and dinner," a Western journalist chided.

In the back of the room, a Vietnamese journalist vociferously argued with the French journalist about who get to use the sole telephone first. A small crowd gathered to referred referee. "We'll resume the Indo-Chine War all over again," an American journalist mused.

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thieu 8 (normass) deepe)

At 10 a.m.—twenty four hours after President Johnson's make address was radio broadcast here—President Thieu walked in, and sat at a long table covered with green baize cover. He was flanked by more than a dozen ministers of the government, and some took their seats on green embroidered chairs in the rear, while some, including Vice President Nguyen Cao Ky and Prime Minister Nguyen van Loc flanked Thieu on both sides.

For an hour and forty five minutes the questions machinegumned at Thieu, who gave no opening remarks and who requested no verbal help from his Cabinet. Dressed in a navy blue suit and conservative necktie, Thieu appeared calm, confident, articulate and ditectly forward.

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thieu 8 (normass/deepe)

"Had President Johnson consulted him about reducing the bombing over the North and what would the results be? a Vietnamese journalist asked.

Yes, President Thiou responded, President Jo Johnson has had consulted the Vietnamese government two days before making his speech, the Vietnamese government had agreed to the move to its good we will. The Vietnamese government policy had long been for peace.

But, in for the benefit of his countrymen who value strength,
Thieu pointed out that the bombing red deescalation did not indicate
weakness on the part of the Allies, bug but was intended to show the
good will their good will in bringing both belligerents together.
He reminded the press that the last bombing pause during Tet
had only brought Communist offensive into the cities.

"This is the last time we want to do this (a bombing pause),"
Thieu said. "Although North Vietnem is the aggressor, we want to show
our good will to move towards peace...I would like to reiterate,
this is the last time we want to show our good will to North Vietnem."

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thiou 9 (normans/deepe)

And, he warned, if North Vietnam did not reverse it's stand, the Allies would be forced to review all its strategy and tactics.

The Communists want 1968 to be the decisive year and we can not allow the Communists to have the initiate, he said.

An American journalist: Is there a fear in your mind the American sample government may seek peace at any price? and pull out of Vietnem?

whatsoever about that because President Johnson and the American government had often repeated their determination to fight the Communists. He warned Hanoi not to mistake the Allies good will for weakness nor to mis-identify the democratic processess during the election year in the United States. He r pointed out that President Johnson, while searching for peace, was also sending more American troops to Vietnam and that he had promised to finance and equip more Vietnamese troops.

thieu 10 (normass/deepe)

"I don't see any change in the stand of the American government, and I dod don't see any change in the determination of the Americans," he said.

work with a future American administration advott advertising the policies of Senator Robert Kennedy.

Thieu evaded the reference to Kennedyn Kennedy, but answered forcefully in general terms.

"I have said many times this is a war of agraggression by the Communists in an effort to take over South Vietnam. Vietnam. We are defending the freedy freedom not only of Vietnam, but also we are an outpost of freedom for the whole world. The stand of the Vietnamese government is not to run against out ideals....

The American government can change; the American policy and regarding Vietnem can change, but the ideals of the Vietnamese people and the stanf o stand of the Vietnamese government will never change."

"This is a Vietnae Vietn mes Vietnamese war before and anything else; the Allies have been been asked to help, but the Vietnamese will take final responsibility and make the main committment to the war."

yy ljp 2 thieu R (normess/deepe)

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"We are determined to maintain our stand—that is the stand of the Vietnamese people—which is to fight the Communists and not to "boalesce with the Communists."

another time-clice, repeated that the Allied presence in V here was not merely a presence in Vietnem, but also a presence in all of South East Asia, and defending the meinland of America. If the Americans withdraw from Vietnam they would be deserting the free world, but Vietnam would continue to perserver in fighting the Communists.

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thieu (normass/deepe)

help they received from their filter, sepecially the lives of the troops, but in this common fight, if the American can not contribute more troops, he would seek help from other Allies—the South Koreans, Australians, Thais and Filipinos.

"If we have more troops, the war will end faster and peace will come sooner," he said, still alluding to the hope of a military defeat over the Communists.

About his invitation from President Johnson to visit the United States, he said he had just received the invitation this morning and the matter was under consideration.

An American television correspondent of asked President Thieu
to state in English between the American for the benefit of American
to tv viewers, his attitude towards a coalition government with the
Communists, especially in the light of President Johnson's prediction
that all south Vietnamese could soon settle their own matters.

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thieu 33 (normass/deepe)

Thieu said—his eyes flashing, his hands folded calmly:

"Many times I have stated we will never accept a coalition government under any form. We accept former combattants from the other side who lay down their arms weapons and who come back to be law-abiding citizens. They will have the full rights of Vietnamese citizens. There are already 75,000 who are accept to do so, because they have seen clearly the bright future of the Vietnamese people. I hope the others still on the other side can soon follow them as soon as possible for their highest interest of their country."

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thieu 14 (pormass/deepe)

As the world waits for word from Hanoi—and dangles
in a privated like an historic pendu pendelum—only President Thieu,
of all the combattent has voiced a straight-line, if no
not a lone, lonely, course, tor a fleeting home for victory.

(Hank: Appreciate time check on if you're getting my copy
earlier enough. We have so many briefings, I'm filing later than usual.

earlier enough. We have so many briefings, I'm filing later than usual.

Your urgent cable about british reaction arrived here noontime. Officially,
British reaction regarding President's not a coenting remon renomination:

"This is an American affair." Embassy has had not guidance or instructions
from London on his and are playing it very co cozy and discreet until
they do because of co-chairman rospton with Russia. Like everyone here,
Britis a British also surprised and flabbergasted, I've cancelled
my refugee refugee zeepager idea, but still planning to b go to
Bien Hoa over weekened weekend. Regards Bev).

= = END Router.