(MORGAN GANDY)

SAIGON 09210 (UPIS) The arrival of Vice President Hubert HHH.

Humphrey—on perhaps the most significant mission since taking office—
is awaited here with some a cagerness but greater skepticism.

Declaration—which the Vice President is to launch off the rice as paddies—have all been heard too many times by Vietnamese religious, political, at and civic leaders to be accepted without proporitionate VALUE O

The Vice President has been assigned the task of giving aye new look—or new direction—to aye vital side of the war that has become increasingly snarled by inefficiently, petty jealously, and mounting corruption amonst the Vietnamese officials and bitter famong inter-agency fighting amonst American bureaucrats.

This vital side of the war is currently called pacification, or rural construction, or more generally, —by Ambassador Henry Cabot Lodge—nation-building, which is an attempt to win the subversive-political battles with the Communists as well as the military ones.

even American generals admit this—and Trins War dictatorial Somuch party machinery is met on the American side by Sten inter-agency in-fighting that one Western diplomat mouned recently, "This isn't so much an American war. It's American civil war."

In one glaring current example, the American Central Intelligence
Agency refused to sit on a coordinating council in the Marine Corps
enclave of Danang along with the other and Unistates agencies—
Unistates Agency for International Development, Joint Unistates
Public Affairs Office, the American Military Command (representing
General William C. Westmoreland), the American Embassy and the
Marines (who are dying on the frontlines only five miles from the city.
Even the summary senior colonel representing the Military Command
smubbed the coordinating council—and sent his deputy instead. And
then the Marines complained that the Public Affairs Officer was
leaking "almost subversive, anti-Marine" information to foreign
correspondents.

on the Vietnamese side, one humorous, but rather startling incident happened recently. Prime Minister Nguyen Cac Ky sent age special envey to one of his corps commanders to settle one key government problem. But, the special and got mad for mad for the special and got mad for the corps commander sent troops into Prime Minister Ky's office commander the envoy. To quickly fled by scrambling over the concrete wall had this week, the corps commander summoned and by radio for a special trial before than aye field military court.

officialdom, however, is taking on ever greater proportions
as corps commanders are again whimlaindings the images of their 43 province chiefs. Even
as the greatest allied operation of the war—20,000 American, Korean
and Vietnamese troops—attempted to rout the Communists from Binh
Dinh province, reliable sources reported that both the Vietnamese
province chief and his deputy for security were being fired.

OFTEN

American provincial officials have long expressed the believe that the changes of Vietnamese province chiefs lose at least six months of their effective time in prosecuting the war.

The need for nation-building, for aye progressive, dynamic non-Communist social revolution, has been seen for years—and plans himmonim chunks of plans for it have long existed. Under the Diama regime of Ngo Dinh Diem, therewas was an ambituou ambitious program of "strategic hamlets" which were supposed to be havens of peace and models of prosperity. The architect of the plan, Diem's contract of the plan, Diem's contract of the plan, Diem's contract of the plan, as the "true of social, economic and political revolution." His aim was to beat the Communists by adopting their methods and applying them more effectively—with American funds.

There were then progressive plans to clear vast tracts of jungled land and give title to the tillers of the soil. On the urban front, am ambitious programs to build low-cost housing paid on the installment plan for the "black laborers" of the cities were drawn up.

But lack of administration, embezzelment of American funds

(each village had a rural health worker supposedly paid sixhundred piastres a month—unistates eight dollars—but both the health workers and American officials mini said that the salaries were never paid) and statistical juggling acts bredght the program to a grinding halt once diem was overthrown in november, 1963.

of the twelve thousand hamlets in the country, notrptnot more than eight thousand were secured under the diem era, and when diem fell the number slipped to less than twothousand. In One of the first small-scale pilot projects on strategic hamlets was initiated in february nineteen sixtytwo, in cu chi district only fifteen miles outside of saigon. today, four years alar, later, the area so protected by An American brigade. The first large-scale pilot case was called Operation Sunrise, only thirty miles from years alar, the same area.

After Diem, the Ministry of Pacification took over, and then the more positive-sounding name of Ministry of Rural Construction.

But, last year, the mounting Viet Cong-North Vietnamese military pressure—coupled with the fact that the province chief did notrptnot receive his yearly pacification budget until august—vieta virtually Stangled Refore A WAS ReBORN @

This year, the Ministry of Rural Construction met their January one deadline for plans and budget ving. It was a major achievement—

and they held a wild party. But, many more achievements will be necessary in the future to defeat the Communist "Organization Man."

(Endit-Malloy-BD)